

THERAKOS[™] Photopheresis



ECP Patients FAQ

What is ECP and how does it work?

How do I get ready for treatment?

Where do I go to get treatment and does someone need to come with me?

How often are treatments?

> How long are treatments?

> How do I care for myself after treatment?

- When can I go back to work?
- How long will I be on this therapy?
- When can I expect to see benefits?
- What are the side effects?
- How effective was this therapy for other patients?

How does ECP fit with the other medications I am on or other conditions that I have?

Therakos™ Quick Facts

- Therakos[™] Photopheresis collects and separates a small fraction of white blood cells for light-activated therapy to help create an immunomodulatory response^{1*}
- Therakos has 30 years of clinical evidence and experience¹
- Therakos is an established, guidelinerecommended therapy for indicated immune-mediated conditions²⁻¹⁰
- Therakos is used by more than 300 treatment centers in over 30 countries¹
- The Therakos Photopheresis system is available in tertiary care centres across Canada¹
- Therakos Photopheresis average treatment times are less than 2 hours:¹¹
 - Single-needle mode: 103.0mins
 Double-needle mode: 74.4mins

*The exact mechanism by which extracorporeal photopheresis (ECP) exerts its clinical effect is unknown and under continual investigation.

Therakos[™] Photopheresis Treatment Center Directory

Find the closest treatment center offering Photopheresis near you

This is a directory of Centers that offer Therakos Photopheresis treatment. This resource is provided for informational use only, is subject to change, and may not be comprehensive.

Treatment centers are independent, third-party facilities not owned or operated by Mallinckrodt.



Vancouver General Hospital – Centennial Pavilion

855 12th Avenue W Vancouver, BC V5Z 1M9

Contact: Apheresis Unit Phone: 604-875-4626 http://www.vch.ca/locations-services

Foothills Medical Centre

Special Services Building, Room 4748 1403 29 Street N.W. Calgary, AB T2N 2T9 **Contact**: Apheresis Clinic **Phone**: 403-944-4712 http://www.albertahealthservices.ca/fmc/fmc.aspx

Royal University Hospital

103 Hospital Drive Saskatoon, SK S7N 0W8 **Contact**: Apheresis Department **Phone**: 306-655-1169 https://www.saskatoonhealthregion.ca/locations_serv ices/Services/Outpatient-Services/Pages/Medical-Day-Care.aspx

Cancer Care Manitoba – MacCharles

675 McDermot Avenue Winnipeg, MB R3E 0V9 **Contact**: Chemotherapy Department **Phone**: 204-787-2197 **Toll Free**: 1-866-561-1026 http://www.cancercare.mb.ca/home

Toronto General & Princess Margaret Cancer Center

610 University Avenue Toronto, ON M5G 2M9

Contact: Apheresis Unit Phone: 416-340-3999 http://www.uhn.ca/PrincessMargaret/PatientsFamilie s/Clinics_Tests/Apheresis

The Ottawa Hospital

501 Smyth Road Ottawa, ON K1H 8L6 **Contact**: Hematology Department

Phone: 613-737-8899 ext. 78822 http://www.ottawahospital.on.ca/en

Hôpital Enfant-Jésus

1401 18e Rue Ville de Québec, QC G1J 1Z4 **Phone:** 418-525-4444 https://www.chudequebec.ca/centrehospitaliers/hopital-de-l-enfant-jesus.aspx

Hôpital Maisonneuve - Rosemont

5415 Boulevard de l'Assomption Montréal, QC H1T 2M4 **Contact**: Apheresis Department **Phone**: 514-252-3400 https://ciusssestmtl.gouv.qc.ca/etablissement/hopitalmaisonneuve-rosemont

MUHC – Royal Victoria Hospital

1001 Boulevard Décarie Montréal, QC H4A 3J1 **Contact**: Apheresis Department **Phone**: 514-934-1934

https://muhc.ca/glen

St. John Regional Hospital

400 University Avenue Saint John, NB E2L 4L2

Phone: 506-648-600 https://en.horizonnb.ca/home/facilities-andservices/facilities/saint-john-regional-hospital.aspx

Important Safety Information for THERAKOS™ Photopheresis Procedure

INDICATION:

The THERAKOS™ CELLEX™ Photopheresis System is used for the palilative treatment of the skin manifestations of cutaneous T-cell lymphoma (CTCL) and systemic sclerosis (SSC). Only health care professionals with training in THERAKOS Photopheresis should administer this therapy.

CONTRAINDICTIONS:

Certain underlying medical conditions contraindicate THERAKOS Photopheresis, including:

- Patients who cannot tolerate extracorporeal volume loss during the leukocyte enrichment phase
- Patients with coagulation disorders or who have had previous splenectomy

WARNINGS & PRECAUTIONS:

THERAKOS Photopheresis treatments should always be performed in locations where standard medical emergency equipment is available. Volume replacement fluids and/or volume expanders should be readily available throughout the procedure.

- Thromboembolic Events: Thromboembolic events, including pulmonary embolism and deep vein thrombosis, have been reported in the treatment of GvHD, an indication not approved in Canada. Special attention to adequate anticoagulation is advised when treating patients with Graft versus Host Disease (GvHD).
- Concomitant Therapy: When prescribing and administering THERAKOS
 Photopheresis for patients receiving concomitant therapy, exercise caution when
 changing treatment schedules to avoid increased disease activity that may be caused
 by abrupt withdrawal of previous therapy.

ADVERSE REACTIONS;

Hypotension may occur during any treatment involving extracorporeal circulation. Monitor the patient closely during the entire treatment.

Transient pyretic reactions, 37.7-38.9° C (100-102° F), have been observed in some patients within 6-8 hours of reinfusion of the photoactivated leukocyte-enriched blood. A temporary increase in erythroderma may accompany the pyretic reaction.

Treatment frequency exceeding labeling recommendations may result in anemia.

Venous access carries a small risk of infection and pain.

Important Safety Information for Methoxsalen Used in Conjunction with THERAKOS™ Photopheresis

CONTRAINDICATIONS;

Methoxsalen is contraindicated in patients exhibiting idiosyncratic reactions to psoralen compounds. Patients possessing a specific history of a light sensitive disease state should not initiate methoxsalen therapy.

Methoxsalen is contraindicated in patients with aphakia.

WARNINGS & PRECAUTIONS:

Concomitant Therapy: Exercise care in treating patients who are receiving concomitant therapy (either topically or systemically) with known photosensitizing agents.

Carcinogenicity: Oral administration of methoxsalen followed by cutaneous UVA exposure (PUVA therapy) is carcinogenic. Patient exhibiting multiple basal cell carcinomas or have a history of basal cell carcinoma should be diligently observed and treated.

Teratogenicity: Methoxsalen may cause fetal harm when given to a pregnant woman. Women undergoing photopheresis should be advised to avoid becoming pregnant.

Cataractogenicity: Patients should be told emphatically to wear UVA absorbing, wraparound sunglasses for twenty-four (24) hours after methoxsalen treatment, any time they are exposed to direct or indirect sunlight and whether they are outdoors or exposed through a window.

Safety in children has not been established.

FOR MORE INFORMATION:

Please consult the THERAKOS™ Photopheresis System Operator's Manual, available by calling 1-877-566-9466. Please also consult the full product monograph for the appropriate 8-methoxypsoralen formulation for important information related to adverse reactions, drug interactions, and closing.



Patients should consult with their healthcare provider for more information.

Please see the full product monograph for the appropriate 8-methoxypsoralen formulation for important information related to adverse reactions, drug interactions, and dosing.

 Therakos (UK) Ltd. Data on file. September 2020. 2. NCI 2015 - National Cancer Institute: Mycosis Fungoides and Sézary Syndrome Treatment (PDQ') 2017 (available at https://www.cancer.gov/types//ymphoma/hp/mycosis-fungoides-treatmentpdq#section/_73). 3. EDF 2014 - Knobler R, et al. Guidelines on the use of extracorporeal photopheresis. J Eur Acad Dermatol Venereol. 2014;28 Suppl 1:1-37. 4. ASFA - Schwartz J, et al. - Guidelines on the Use of Therapeutic Apheresis in Clinical Practice-Evidence-Based Approach from the Writing Committee of the American Society for Apheresis: The Seventh Special Issue. J Clin Apher. 2016;31(3):149-162. 5. NCCN 2014 - National Comprehensive Cancer Network: NCCN Clinical Practice Guidelines in Oncology (NCCN Guidelines'). Available at:

http://www.nccn.org/about/nhl.pdf. 6, USCLC 2011 - Olsen EA, et al. Sézary syndrome: immunopathogenesis, literature review of therapeutic options, and recommendations for therapy by the United States Cutaneous Lymphoma Consortium (USCLC). J Am Acad Dermatol. 2011;64(2):352-404. 7. UKPS 2014 - Das-Gupta E, et al. Extracorporeal photopheresis for treatment of adults and children with acute GVHD: UK consensus statement and review of published literature. Bone Marrow Transplant. 2014;49(10):1251-1258. 8. EORTC 2017 - Trautinger F, et al. European Organisation for Research and Treatment of Cancer consensus recommendations for the treatment of mycosis fungoides/Sézary syndrome - Update 2017. Eur J Cancer. 2017;77:57-74. 9. Knobler et al. European Dermatology Forum S1-guideline on the diagnosis and treatment of sclerosing diseases of the skin, Part 1: localized scleroderma, systemic sclerosis and overlap syndromes. JEADV. 2017. 10. Knobler et al. European dermatology forum S1-guideline on the diagnosis and treatment of sclerosing diseases of the skin, Part 2: Scleromyxedema, scleredema and nephrogenic systemic fibrosis. JEADV. 2017. 11. Therakos, Inc. Operator's Manual. THERAKOS™ CELLEX™ Photopheresis System.



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